Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form Survey No. 4671 1. Name Historic 1603-1623 Llewelyn Street and / common 2. Location street & number 1603-1623 Llewelyn Street city, town Baltimore state & zip code Maryland 21205 county 3. Classification Category Ownership Status Present Use district __ museum public X occupied agriculture X building(s) X private __ unoccupied commercial park X private residence structure both work in progress educational **Public Acquisition** site Accessible entertainment __ religious object in process X yes: restricted government scientific being considered __ yes: unrestricted industrial __ transportation not applicable military no other: 4. Owner of Property name street & number telephone city, town state & zip code 5. Location of Legal Description courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Baltimore City Land Records liber Clarence Mitchell Courthouse street & number folio city, town **Baltimore** State Maryland 6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys title federal local state county

state & zip code

epository for survey records

city, town

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Survey No. 4671

7. Description

Condition		Check One	Check One
excellent good x_ fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	unaltered X altered	X original site moved: date of move:

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

This row of fifteen two-story, two-bay wide vernacular Queen Anne-style brick houses with shed roofs and sheet metal and stepped brick cornices were built in 1906 by William J. Clendenin, a builder of working class houses in East Baltimore. About half of the houses retain their original brick facades, which were originally painted; the remainder have been formstoned.

The houses are two stories in height, 11'7" wide, and occupy lots 50' deep. Each house is two rooms deep and there is no back building. The houses are constructed in common bond with a row of headers every seven rows, and have been painted. Each house has a single hooded chimney located near the front and rear of the house. The shed roof is capped by a continuous sheet metal cornice (for every three units) set above a frieze created by three rows of progressively recessed stretcher bricks punctuated by four rows of slightly projecting, yet progressively recessed headers set atop a frieze area consisting of three rows of slightly projecting stretchers.

The door and window openings have segmentally arched brick lintels composed of a double row of headers, with plain tympanums. The sills are wood. Some original 2/2 sash remain. Doorways originally had double-light transoms, but no original doors survive. The houses sit on fairly low basements lit by a single-light sash, set beneath a double-header segmental arch. Each front door is reached by three concrete steps.

The houses have their stairs set between the front and rear rooms, at right angles to the house. The stair landing and its ascent to the second floor are open on the parlor side and display attractive woodwork in a simple craftsman style.

The houses were demolished during the summer of 1999 when an elderly resident of this block of Llewelyn St. shot and killed a youth doing damage to his car.

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8. Significance

Period	Area of significance	check one & justify		
prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899 x 1900	archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	X community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration industry invention	landscape architecture law literature military music philosophy politics/government	religion science sculpture X social/ humanitarian theatre transportation other: specify
Specific dates	1906	Builder/Arch	nitect Wiliam J. Clendenin	

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

This group of houses is significant in that it represents the level of architectural stylishness achieved by many builders of small street houses in the late nineteenth century. The houses were built by William J. Clendenin, a well-known Baltimore builder, according to a pattern that was quite common to the city's working class neighborhoods of the period c. 1880 to 1910. Recognizing that workers held different levels of jobs (and pay), builders created a hierarchy of two-story house sizes (and prices) in the new neighborhoods going up to serve the expanding factory districts ringing the harbor and north- east of the central city. Builders acquired anywhere from an eighth to a half of a city block and built 14' to 15'-wide two-story houses on the main streets, and smaller, 11' to 13'-wide two-story houses on the narrower streets bisecting the blocks. Typically, in this period, main street houses might sell for \$1,300 to \$1,500; small street houses for \$450 to \$600.

Occasionally, the builder retained ownership of his small street houses to provide income for himself as rental properties, or he sold them to other investors/absentee landlords. In this case Clendenin sold all 30 houses on both sides of Llewelyn St. (then called Oliver Place) to a group of Jewish investors who retained them as rental properties at least into the 1920s. In this way people of varying means could afford to live in the same block. If they couldn't afford the approximately \$550 purchase price of the small street houses, then they *could* afford the \$8 or so a month it would cost to rent one, while they saved to be able to buy their own home later.

Clendenin developed the entire eastern half of this block, building the three-story, three-bay wide houses on the west side of Broadway and the two-story, three-bay wide houses on the south side of Oliver St. in 1889-91 and the two-story, two-bay wide houses on the north side of Hoffman St., identical to those on Llewelyn, in 1906.

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9. Major Bibliographic References

Mary Ellen Hayward and Charles Belfoure, *The Baltimore Rowhouse* (New York: Princeton Architectural Press, 1999)

10. Geographic Data

Acreage of nominated property

Quadrangle name

Verbal boundary description and justification

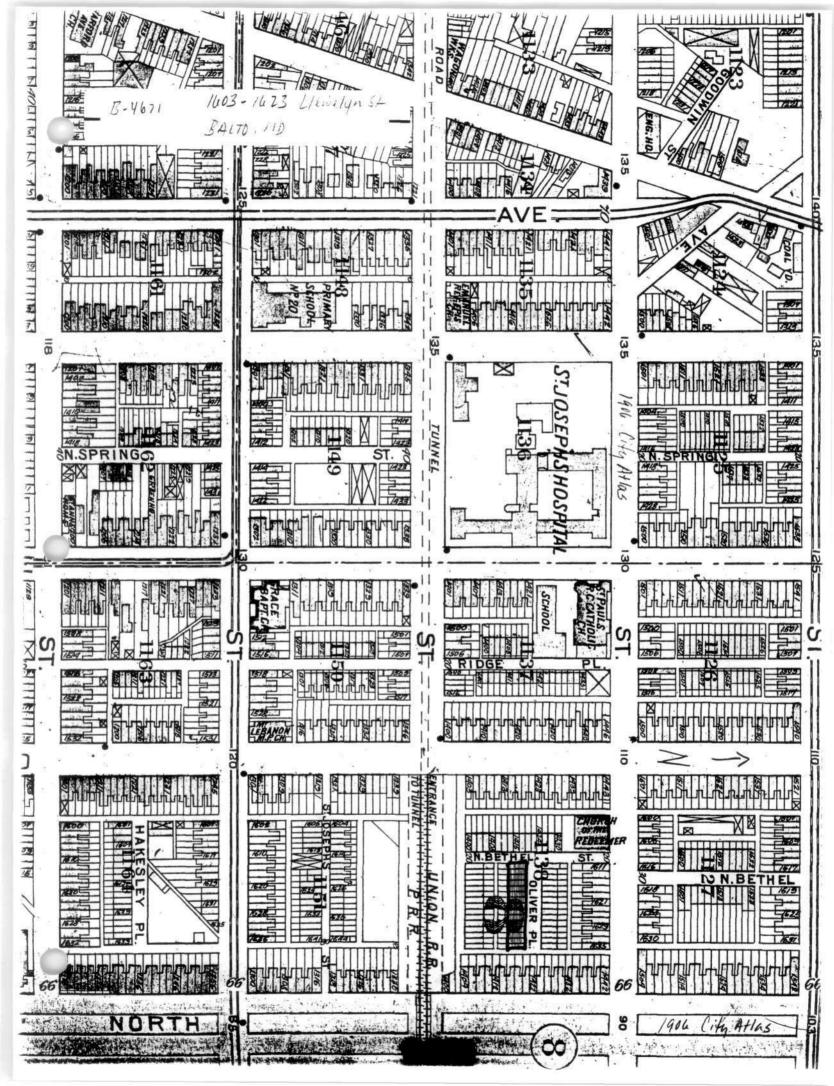
11. Form Prepared by

name / title	Dr. Mary Ellen Hayward				
Organization The Alley House Project		date June 2000			
street & numb	per 1306 Carrollton Ave.	telephone			
city, town	Baltimore	state & zip code	Maryland	21204	

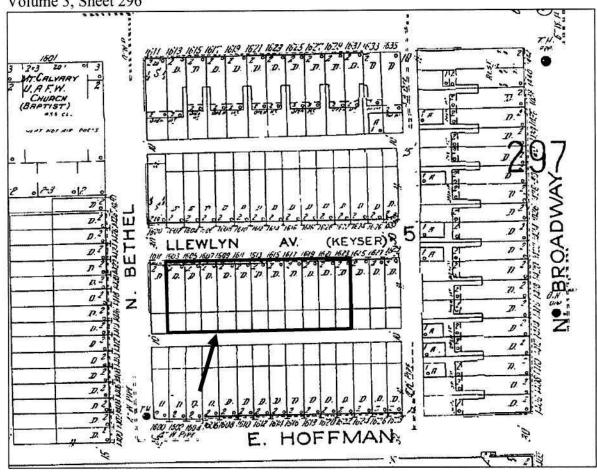
The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of property rights.

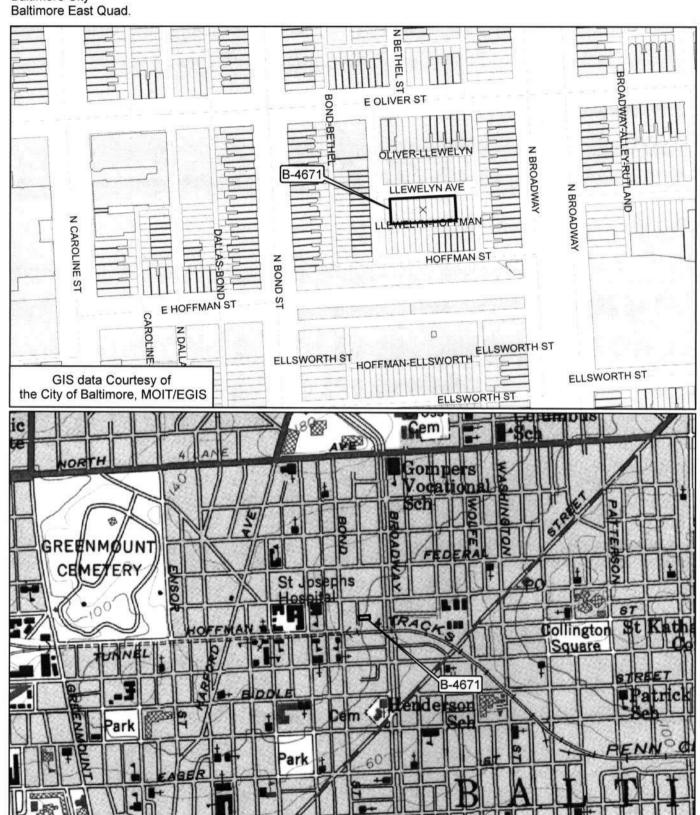
Return to:
DHCP/DHCD
Maryland Historical Trust
100 Community Place
Crownsville MD 21032-2023



B-4671 1603-1623 Llewelyn Street Sanborn Map 1914, Reprinted 1953 Volume 3, Sheet 296



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